

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2013

International GCSE Physics (4PH0) Paper 2P

Edexcel Level 1/Level 2 Certificate Physics (KPH0) Paper 2P

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Summer 2013
Publications Code UG037250
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Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
1 (a) (i)	C (decreases by 2)		1
(ii)	D (decreases by 4)		1
(b)	D (has less penetrating power)		1
(c)	Any four of: MP1 Use of ratemeter / scaler / counter; MP2 Idea of measuring background radiation e.g. background count / correction /subtraction; MP3 A safety precaution (based on distance or absorption) e.g. use of tongs / shielding; MP4 A controlled variable (time / distance / positioning) e.g. "source near/by/to detector", "for a minute";	Allow description e.g. "count the clicks" Allow Geiger counter Ignore GM detector or tube Ignore descriptions of GM tube Allow "stand back", "wear gloves / protective clothing" "do not point source at people" Ignore "counts per minute"	4
	MP5 A practical consideration e.g. repeat / average / reset (scaler); MP6 Mention of becquerel / Bq	Ignore: mention of anomalies Accept phonetic spellings	
		Total	7

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
2 (a) (i)	Power (rating) or watt(s);		2
	Rate of energy transfer / joule per second / J/s ;	Ignore equation from p2: energy (transferred) time (taken)	
(ii)	MP1 Idea of a fault causing a hazard; MP2 Idea that current goes to Earth / not to user; MP3 Idea of fuse action, e.g. blows	Ignore: current surge, fire Allow: • prevents electrocution / shock • flow of charge as current • current to ground Ignore: electricity / energy goes to earth	2
	/melts / breaks circuit; MP4 idea of a low resistance path;	Allow case at earth potential	
(b) (i)	Agree / disagree - no mark Any three of MP1 Statement of an appropriate equation e.g. power = current x voltage; MP2 At least one appropriate current value calculated, e.g. 2.92 (A) or 0.13 (A); MP3 Idea that fuse rating must be more than working current; MP4 EITHER Idea that 2.92 A is close to 3A, making 3A fuse a poor choice for	Allow abbreviation and rearrangements e.g. $P=IV$, $I=P/V$ Ignore s.f. $30 \div 230 = 0.13$ (A) $70 \div 24 = 2.9$ (A) Allow $70 \div 230 = 0.30$ (A) Allow reverse arguments, e.g. "lower value fuse would melt"	3
	making 3A fuse a poor choice for soldering iron 'B'; OR Idea that 3A is much larger than 0.13 A, making 3A fuse a poor choice for soldering iron 'A'	Allow ecf from incorrect calculation	

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
2 (b) (ii)	Any three of	May be shown on a labelled diagram Ignore equations	3
	MP1 primary AND secondary (coils); MP2 (soft) iron core;	Allow input and output (coils) Ignore: magnet	
	MP3 primary/input (coil) has more turns;	Allow: reverse argument clear indication of relative turns on diagram (judge by eye) appropriate numbers	
	MP4 further structural detail e.g. insulated wire, core laminations;		
		Total	10

	Question number		Answer	Notes	Marks
3	(a)	(i)	90 (K)		1
		(ii)	Any three of MP1 Idea that particles/molecules move apart;	Ignore: molecules vibrate Allow: molecules spread out, take up more space	3
			MP2 Idea that particles/molecules gain (kinetic) energy;	May be shown on labelled diagram Allow: idea of moving faster Ignore: 'move more'	
			MP3 Idea that particles/molecules move more freely;	Allow bonds break Ignore unqualified 'move more'	
			MP4 Idea that particles/molecules leave the liquid;	Allow escape Ignore evaporate	
	(b)	(i)	Any two of MP1 radiation / infrared; MP2 Idea of reflection; MP3 Idea of little/no absorption;	Allow IR	2
			MP4 Idea of poor emission;	Allow bad radiator	
		(ii)	Any two of (in a vacuum there are) no atoms/molecules/particles; so no/poor conduction;	Allow: no 'medium' no 'material' There are no molecules to conduct = 2 marks	2
			so no/little convection (currents);	There are no molecules to convect = 2 marks	

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
3 (c)	Any two of MP1 Idea that there is cold gas/air/oxygen just above the liquid (surface); MP2 Idea that the gas/air/oxygen in the room is warmer; MP3 Idea that convection currents in air	Ignore "heat rises" Allow:	2
	(above liquid surfa ce) unlikely; MP4 Idea that (evaporated) oxygen /air / gas would insulate the surface; MP5 Idea that oxygen/gas would build up pressure in a sealed vessel;	warm air won't fall, cool air won't rise Ignore density arguments Allow: gas is a poor conductor Allow: flask would burst if it had a lid	
		Total	10

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
4 (a) (i)	Momentum = mass x velocity	Allow abbreviations and rearrangements e.g. p=mv, mass = momentum velocity	1
(ii)	Substitution into correct equation; Calculation; e.g. 17 000 x 13 220 000 (kg m/s)	Allow 221 000	2
(b) (i)	Answers should be in the context of momentum (when the lorry stops) the load still has momentum;	Allow 221 000	2
	Idea that lorry stops in a shorter time; OR Idea that load takes more time to stop;	Allow: (mv-mu) = Ft Allow for TWO marks lorry loses momentum more quickly;; OR load loses momentum more slowly;;	
(ii)	MP1 Centre of gravity is closer to the front of the lorry; MP2 Clockwise and anticlockwise moments equal;	Ignore action and reaction arguments Allow: centre of mass nearer front of lorry there is more weight near the front of the lorry / near B C of G further from rear (wheel) Allow: • Moments are balanced • total moment = 0	3
	MP3 Increase in force related to decrease in distance (to provide balancing moment);		

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
(c) (i)	Pressure = <u>force</u> ; area	Allow abbreviations and rearrangements, e.g. P=F/A, force = pressure x area	1
(ii)	Substitution into correctly rearranged formula; Calculation; e.g. 53 000 ÷ 390 000 0.14 (m²)	0.136	1
		Total	11

	Questi numb		Answer		Notes	Marks
5	(a)	(i)	C (the same speed in	free space)		1
		(ii)	B (there must be a cu	3 (there must be a current in the circuit)		1
	(b)	(i)	Voltmeter connected in circuit component; Component chosen is	Ignore a line through the voltmeter symbol	2	
		(ii)	Axes labelled- quantity and unit; Linear scale such that longest bar occupies at least half the grid;		voltage in V (or V/V) AND all bars (or points) labelled Ignore orientation Allow non-zero origin	4
			Plottingignore order of bars 5 bars correctly plotted;; If only 3 bars correctly plotted allow 1 mark for plotting		Bar length plotted to nearest ½ small square ALL data plotted	
			Colour of light from LED	Minimum voltage in V	correctly as floating	
			Red	1.7	"x's" gets only one	
			Blue	3.6	mark for plotting	
			Yellow	2.1	Dojact both	
			Orange 2.0		Reject both	
			Green 3.0		plotting marks if a line graph is drawn	
					(only scale and axes	
					marks are available	
					in this case)	

Question number		Answer	Notes	Marks
5 (b)	(iii)	Student is right/wrong – no mark	Red to blue (start either end) Allow ROYGBIV etc	2
		Any two of MP1 idea that the visible spectrum is a sequence, with the end colours identified; MP2 Colour correctly related to wavelength (e.g. red has longest wavelength);	Wavelength (or frequency) correctly related to voltage = 2 marks, e.g.	
		MP3 Colour correctly related to voltage (e.g. blue needs highest voltage);	f increases with V λ increases with 1/V	
			Total	10

	uestion number	Answer	Notes	Marks
_	(a)	C (kinetic energy to electrical energy)		1
	(b) (i)		No mark for stating the formula, since E = I x V x t is given on page 2	3
		Conversion to seconds; Substitution into correctly rearranged equation; Calculation; e.g. (time =) 60 (s) 39 000 000 (490 x 60)	60 seen in working	
		1300 (V)	1330, 1327, 1326.5 (V) Correct answer without working scores full marks Allow 1.3 kV for THREE marks Allow Power of Ten error, for a maximum of TWO marks e.g. 1.326 x10 ⁻³ , 1.33, 130	
	(ii)	Any four of MP1 (High voltage leads to) low current; MP2 mention of a relevant equation e.g. P=IV, P=I ² R;		4
		MP3 Less energy is lost (from the wires);	Allow less heat loss	
		MP4 More efficient; MP5 can use thinner wires;	Ignore cost argument Allow: Can transmit the energy further	

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
(c) (i)	Current that changes direction (continuously); 100 times per second;	Allow switches from +ve to -ve. Allow 50 times/cycles per second. Allow time period e.g. 0.01 s, 0.02 s, 1/50s	2
(ii)	Transformers change the voltage / current; Transformers use alternating current / a.c.;	Allow step-up, step- down Allow reverse argument	2
		Total	12
		Total for paper	60

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Order Code UG037250 Summer 2013

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